Date: Fri, 3 Dec 93 17:34:02 PST

From: Info-Hams Mailing List and Newsgroup <info-hams@ucsd.edu>

Errors-To: Info-Hams-Errors@UCSD.Edu

Reply-To: Info-Hams@UCSD.Edu

Precedence: Bulk

Subject: Info-Hams Digest V93 #1421

To: Info-Hams

Info-Hams Digest Fri, 3 Dec 93 Volume 93 : Issue 1421

## Today's Topics:

From the horse's mouth Re: Emergency Communications
Identification procedures - unlicensed person
Internet/Packet Gateways in Europe?
Jeep Cherokee '87 Computer Noise!
Looking for ARRL info ftp site
modifiable radios
ORBS\$337.MICRO.AMSAT
ORBS\$337.MISC.AMSAT
ORBS\$337.OSCAR.AMSAT
ORBS\$337.WEATH.AMSAT
PACKET RADIO & 800MHZ TRUNK SYS
Poor Man's Spectrum Analyzer --- comments?
using a radio off frequency in emergencies
Windows Based Ham Programs

Send Replies or notes for publication to: <Info-Hams@UCSD.Edu> Send subscription requests to: <Info-Hams-REQUEST@UCSD.Edu> Problems you can't solve otherwise to brian@ucsd.edu.

Archives of past issues of the Info-Hams Digest are available (by FTP only) from UCSD.Edu in directory "mailarchives/info-hams".

We trust that readers are intelligent enough to realize that all text herein consists of personal comments and does not represent the official policies or positions of any party. Your mileage may vary. So there.

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Date: 3 Dec 93 19:14:12 GMT

From: ogicse!uwm.edu!msuinfo!arctic2!cravitma@network.ucsd.edu Subject: From the horse's mouth Re: Emergency Communications

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

To add to the current discussions about what is and is not permitted during emergency communications, here are the relevant sections from Title 47, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 97:

\_\_\_\_\_

Section 97.403 Safety of Life / Protection of Property

No provision of these rules prevents the use by an amateur station of any means of radiocommunications at its disposal to provide essential communications needs in connection with the immediate safety of life and immediate protection of property when normal communications systems are not available.

Section 97.405 Station in Distress

- (a) No provision in these rules prevents the use by an amateur station in distress of any means at its disposal to attract attention, make known its location and situation, and obtain assistance.
- (b) No provision of these rules prevents the use by a station, in the exceptional circumstances described in paragraph (a) of this section, of any means of radiocommunications at its disposal to assist a station in distress.

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Hope this helps everyone.

/Matthew (Still waiting for my ticket, 4 weeks and counting)

\_ \_

Matthew Cravit
Michigan State University
East Lansing, MI 48825
E-Mail: cravitma@cps.msu.edu

| All opinions expressed here are | my own. I don't speak for Michigan | State, and they don't speak for me | (thank goodness).

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Date: 3 Dec 93 18:09:40 GMT

From: ogicse!uwm.edu!msuinfo!arctic2!cravitma@network.ucsd.edu

Subject: Identification procedures - unlicensed person

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

I was wondering -- since it is permissible for an unlicensed individual to use a radio in an emergency, and since it is possible that I may be faced with an "official FCC-approved grade A emergency" between now and when the FCC finally gets around to sending me my license, what is the established procedure (if any) for an unlicensed operator to identify him/herself if attempting to obtain emergency help?

/Matthew (Still waiting for my ticket, 4 weeks and counting)

Matthew Cravit | "So I sent him to ask of the Michigan State University | owl, if he's there, how to East Lansing, MI 48825 | loosen a jar from the nose E-Mail: cravitma@cps.msu.edu

| of a bear..."

Date: Thu, 2 Dec 1993 12:12:51 GMT

From: pipex!uknet!gdt!aber!news@uunet.uu.net Subject: Internet/Packet Gateways in Europe?

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

Hello and thanks for reading this.

I am a student in Wales (UK) and my dad and I are both licensed radio hams. As there are no packet radio op's around here, we use the Internet gateway NOARY to communicate. This is an excellent service, however, if such a gateway exists in europe, I would very much like to change on to it, as it would shorten the time for mail to get to dad and would reduce the packet travel time, which is good for packet in general.

If such a gateway exists, I would be extremely grateful if you could mail me direct, at the following address :-

smd2@aber.ac.uk

Many thanks in advance of your replies.

73s de Simon GOHXU.

Date: Fri, 3 Dec 1993 16:41:13

From: news.service.uci.edu!biivax.dp.beckman.com!falstaff.css.beckman.com!

capulet.css.beckman.com!srphillips@network.ucsd.edu

Subject: Jeep Cherokee '87 Computer Noise!

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

My 1987 Jeep Cherokee's Ignition Control Computer under the dash spews the loudest most annoying EMI I have ever heard on 2 meters and 220. Has anyone a cap fix for this? I have all the service manuals to do the repair from scratch but I thought someone on the net may have already done this. The spark noise from the distributor etc. is not nearly as loud as the computer with just the key on and engine off!

Steve Phillips KD6SBP Internet: phillips@montague.css.beckman.com

Beckman Instruments Inc. Phone: 714-961-3170 2500 Harbor Bl. Mailstop X-10 Fax: 714-961-3351

Fullerton CA 92634 Disclaimer: Opinions are mine, not Beckman's

Old dog owners don't die; they just drop on recall!

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Date: 1 Dec 1993 14:25:19 GMT

From: agate!usenet.ins.cwru.edu!nigel.msen.com!ilium!gdls.com!usenet@ames.arpa

Subject: Looking for ARRL info ftp site

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

A while back someone posted the address of the ARRL information mirror ftp site.

Could someone either post it again, or send me the address. I am in urgent need of

some information.

Thanks

Bill

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Date: 3 Dec 93 22:18:03 GMT

From: ogicse!emory!sol.ctr.columbia.edu!howland.reston.ans.net!vixen.cso.uiuc.edu!

ehsn2.cen.uiuc.edu!ah6542@network.ucsd.edu

Subject: modifiable radios To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

I agree. One major question I have is:

(I mean I agree w/ the acceptable use of emergency comm out of

the ham band etc.)
back to the question:

Isn't it the cellular phone company's responsibility

to make sure their customers realize that their conversations are NOT private- and that they CAN AND WILL be listened to? I mean, really folks, congress just passed another law that saved the big and powerful businesses (here the phone guys, other times the coal/oil industries) a lot of money. If this law wasn't passed poor little Mobile Link and Comm1 and all those other fellas would have had to shell out Millions (maybe more) to make their services more secure agains the general public. (Not to mention that all the old cellular phones would be crap, and that the new ones not only would cost more, but would

be a bigger). So, here we see congress helping little old us the public by saving all the big phone companies the hastle of having to tell their (not so smart users -not inclusive) that the great new way of communication- cellular phones- is not as secure as you may think.

I think that the mobile-phone companies should explicitly say that the phone calls are easily monitored by an FM reciever. I have heard many many things before on cellular freqs. (the on thing that really supports my above sentence is that I onee heard Name, Mastercard Number, and Expiration date all give out on the freq. -come on folks!- how easy can you make it for someone to steal from you?!?

(I never stole from them because I just enjoy radio communications as a hobby and not as a way of life -although sometimes it may seem like that ;)

(hope we don't feed the flame war too much, but talking about it helps to ease the pain)

73's et TNX, Allen Hall n9rzc@uiuc.edu

(I will try to keep up w/ any of the rest of this string, but if anyone wants to post a question directly to me, please e-mail me because I don't always get to nn between exams ;)

73's

Date: 3 Dec 93 15:02:00 GMT From: news-mail-gateway@ucsd.edu Subject: ORBS\$337.MICRO.AMSAT

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

SB KEPS @ AMSAT \$ORBS-337.D Orbital Elements 337.MICROS

HR AMSAT ORBITAL ELEMENTS FOR THE MICROSATS FROM WA5QGD FORT WORTH, TX December 3, 1993 BID: \$0RBS-337.D

TO ALL RADIO AMATEURS BT

Satellite: UO-14

Catalog number: 20437

Epoch time: 93334.69642848

Element set: 915

Inclination: 98.6046 deg RA of node: 57.0601 deg

Eccentricity: 0.0011889

Arg of perigee: 55.3459 deg

Mean anomaly: 304.8840 deg

Mean motion: 14.29806558 rev/day

Decay rate: 6.6e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 20122 Checksum: 320

Satellite: A0-16

Catalog number: 20439

Epoch time: 93334.68970974

Element set: 715

Inclination: 98.6123 deg RA of node: 58.0868 deg Eccentricity: 0.0012249

Arg of perigee: 55.8918 deg
Mean anomaly: 304.3434 deg
Mean motion: 14.29863405 rev/day
Decay rate: 5.6e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 20123 Checksum: 321

Satellite: DO-17 Catalog number: 20440

Epoch time: 93334.66327841

Element set: 715

Inclination: 98.6134 deg
RA of node: 58.3203 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0012311
Arg of perigee: 55.5998 deg
Mean anomaly: 304.6342 deg
Mean motion: 14.30000807 rev/day
Decay rate: 6.2e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 20124 Checksum: 264

Satellite: WO-18 Catalog number: 20441

Epoch time: 93334.21540152

Element set: 716

Inclination: 98.6128 deg
RA of node: 57.8916 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0012863
Arg of perigee: 57.2334 deg
Mean anomaly: 303.0100 deg

Mean motion: 14.29978366 rev/day Decay rate: 6.0e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 20118 Checksum: 281

Satellite: LO-19 Catalog number: 20442

Epoch time: 93334.69648230

Element set: 715

Inclination: 98.6137 deg
RA of node: 58.5780 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0013153
Arg of perigee: 55.4957 deg
Mean anomaly: 304.7459 deg
Mean motion: 14.30070867 rev/day
Decay rate: 5.5e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 20126 Checksum: 310

Satellite: U0-22

Catalog number: 21575

Epoch time: 93334.67727514

Element set: 415

Inclination: 98.4566 deg
RA of node: 47.9847 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0007826
Arg of perigee: 156.5425 deg
Mean anomaly: 203.6132 deg
Mean motion: 14.36868808 rev/day
Decay rate: 8.6e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 12457 Checksum: 336

Satellite: KO-23 Catalog number: 22077

Epoch time: 93335.44100612

Element set: 312

Inclination: 66.0879 deg
RA of node: 334.0117 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0005948
Arg of perigee: 336.7167 deg
Mean anomaly: 23.3555 deg
Mean motion: 12.86282019 rev/day
Decay rate: .00000000 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 6135 Checksum: 264

Satellite: A0-27

Catalog number: 22825

Epoch time: 93335.66121621

Element set: 214

Inclination: 98.6748 deg
RA of node: 48.2617 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0009506
Arg of perigee: 67.0884 deg
Mean anomaly: 293.1315 deg
Mean motion: 14.27592650 rev/day
Decay rate: 5.4e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 950 Checksum: 305

Satellite: IO-26 Catalog number: 22826

Epoch time: 93335.65645330

Element set: 215

Inclination: 98.6753 deg RA of node: 48.2666 deg

Eccentricity: 0.0010130

Arg of perigee: 68.0262 deg

Mean anomaly: 292.2022 deg

Mean motion: 14.27695161 rev/day

Decay rate: 6.7e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 950 Checksum: 289

Satellite: KO-25

Inclination:

Catalog number: 22830

Epoch time: 93334.73062882

Element set: 215

RA of node: 46.7010 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0012513
Arg of perigee: 41.6119 deg
Mean anomaly: 318.6010 deg
Mean motion: 14.28019103 rev/day
Decay rate: 6.3e-07 rev/day^2

98.5750 deg

Epoch rev: 937 Checksum: 261

/EX

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Date: 3 Dec 93 15:07:00 GMT From: news-mail-gateway@ucsd.edu Subject: ORBS\$337.MISC.AMSAT To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

SB KEPS @ AMSAT \$ORBS-337.M Orbital Elements 337.MISC

HR AMSAT ORBITAL ELEMENTS FOR MANNED AND MISCELLANEOUS SATELLITES

FROM WA5QGD FORT WORTH, TX December 3, 1993

BID: \$0RBS-337.M

TO ALL RADIO AMATEURS BT

Satellite: MIR

Catalog number: 16609

Epoch time: 93335.61195375

Element set: 8

Inclination: 51.6183 deg
RA of node: 98.3478 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0005473
Arg of perigee: 48.6088 deg
Mean anomaly: 311.5306 deg
Mean motion: 15.58761518 rev/day
Decay rate: 6.745e-05 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 44522 Checksum: 319

Satellite: HUBBLE Catalog number: 20580

Epoch time: 93334.49424048

Element set: 366

Inclination: 28.4678 deg
RA of node: 72.2793 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0004404
Arg of perigee: 354.4743 deg
Mean anomaly: 5.5823 deg
Mean motion: 14.92940966 rev/day
Decay rate: 7.37e-06 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 19638 Checksum: 320

Satellite: GRO

Catalog number: 21225

Epoch time: 93332.89291156

Element set: 1

Inclination: 28.4615 deg
RA of node: 182.5452 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0032650
Arg of perigee: 186.4473 deg
Mean anomaly: 173.5288 deg
Mean motion: 15.46654112 rev/day

Decay rate: 4.723e-05 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 2600 Checksum: 277

Satellite: UARS

Catalog number: 21701

Epoch time: 93332.63061551

Element set: 416

Inclination: 56.9840 deg
RA of node: 242.6493 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0005839
Arg of perigee: 92.2745 deg
Mean anomaly: 267.9904 deg
Mean motion: 14.96170835 rev/day
Decay rate: 4.494e-05 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 12090 Checksum: 307

Satellite: POSAT

Catalog number: 22829

Epoch time: 93289.11726978

Element set: 204

Inclination: 98.6763 deg
RA of node: 2.0610 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0010043
Arg of perigee: 184.4594 deg
Mean anomaly: 175.6498 deg
Mean motion: 14.27975951 rev/day
Decay rate: 7.2e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 286 Checksum: 317

/EX

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Date: 3 Dec 93 15:00:00 GMT From: news-mail-gateway@ucsd.edu Subject: ORBS\$337.OSCAR.AMSAT

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

SB KEPS @ AMSAT \$0RBS-337.0 Orbital Elements 337.0SCAR

HR AMSAT ORBITAL ELEMENTS FOR OSCAR SATELLITES FROM WA5QGD FORT WORTH,TX December 3, 1993

BID: \$0RBS-337.0

TO ALL RADIO AMATEURS BT

Satellite: A0-10

Catalog number: 14129

Epoch time: 93328.37358304

Element set: 212

Inclination: 27.1967 deg RA of node: 354.6814 deg

Eccentricity: 0.6020029
Arg of perigee: 132.8205 deg
Mean anomaly: 296.5509 deg
Mean motion: 2.05877703 rev/day
Decay rate: 6.0e-08 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 7855 Checksum: 302

Satellite: UO-11

Catalog number: 14781

Epoch time: 93334.56060295

Element set: 615

Inclination: 97.7956 deg RA of node: 353.4973 deg Eccentricity: 0.0011482

Arg of perigee: 179.8391 deg
Mean anomaly: 180.2820 deg
Mean motion: 14.69091713 rev/day
Decay rate: 2.00e-06 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 52114 Checksum: 308

Satellite: RS-10/11 Catalog number: 18129

Epoch time: 93332.42270253

Element set: 814

Inclination: 82.9259 deg
RA of node: 117.2417 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0010740
Arg of perigee: 217.0444 deg
Mean anomaly: 143.0089 deg
Mean motion: 13.72327034 rev/day
Decay rate: 5.9e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 32237 Checksum: 273

Satellite: AO-13 Catalog number: 19216

Epoch time: 93334.89295688

Element set: 819

Inclination: 57.9062 deg

RA of node: 281.3321 deg

Eccentricity: 0.7211239
Arg of perigee: 329.5060 deg
Mean anomaly: 3.4438 deg
Mean motion: 2.09727727 rev/day
Decay rate: -2.93e-06 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 4185 Checksum: 325

Satellite: F0-20

Catalog number: 20480

Epoch time: 93330.50118171

Element set: 611

Inclination: 99.0189 deg RA of node: 155.8314 deg

Eccentricity: 0.0541157

Arg of perigee: 78.7761 deg

Mean anomaly: 287.3633 deg

Mean motion: 12.83222138 rev/day

Decay rate: -1.9e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 17813 Checksum: 294

Satellite: A0-21

Catalog number: 21087

Epoch time: 93334.52703634

Element set: 372

Inclination: 82.9438 deg
RA of node: 289.7212 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0034068
Arg of perigee: 279.0086 deg
Mean anomaly: 80.7210 deg
Mean motion: 13.74529132 rev/day
Decay rate: 8.4e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 14229 Checksum: 299

Satellite: RS-12/13 Catalog number: 21089

Epoch time: 93335.60629654

Element set: 616

Inclination: 82.9186 deg
RA of node: 157.9722 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0028484
Arg of perigee: 300.8203 deg
Mean anomaly: 59.0141 deg
Mean motion: 13.74031015 rev/day
Decay rate: 6.2e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 14150 Checksum: 285

Satellite: ARSENE Catalog number: 22654

Epoch time: 93321.93138545

Element set: 210

Inclination: 1.4185 deg
RA of node: 113.8817 deg
Eccentricity: 0.2935300
Arg of perigee: 161.0091 deg
Mean anomaly: 211.2000 deg
Mean motion: 1.42195961 rev/day
Decay rate: -5.1e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 275 Checksum: 241

/EX

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Date: 3 Dec 93 15:05:00 GMT From: news-mail-gateway@ucsd.edu Subject: ORBS\$337.WEATH.AMSAT

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

SB KEPS @ AMSAT \$ORBS-337.W Orbital Elements 337.WEATHER

HR AMSAT ORBITAL ELEMENTS FOR WEATHER SATELLITES

1.30e-06 rev/day^2

FROM WA5QGD FORT WORTH, TX December 3, 1993

BID: \$0RBS-337.W

TO ALL RADIO AMATEURS BT

Satellite: NOAA-9 Catalog number: 15427

Epoch time: 93334.84368432

Element set: 615

Decay rate:

Inclination: 99.0804 deg
RA of node: 17.7293 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0015863
Arg of perigee: 60.2936 deg
Mean anomaly: 299.9797 deg
Mean motion: 14.13566417 rev/day

Epoch rev: 46232 Checksum: 329 Satellite: NOAA-10 Catalog number: 16969

Epoch time: 93333.79766137

Element set: 513

Inclination: 98.5132 deg
RA of node: 343.8701 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0012893
Arg of perigee: 187.6835 deg
Mean anomaly: 172.3786 deg
Mean motion: 14.24846717 rev/day
Decay rate: 8.2e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 37421 Checksum: 339

Satellite: MET-2/17 Catalog number: 18820

Epoch time: 93334.74597958

Element set: 214

Inclination: 82.5442 deg RA of node: 66.4440 deg

Eccentricity: 0.0017282

Arg of perigee: 23.3483 deg

Mean anomaly: 336.8433 deg

Mean motion: 13.84698976 rev/day

Decay rate: 4.6e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 29489 Checksum: 348

Satellite: MET-3/2 Catalog number: 19336

Epoch time: 93327.88606867

Element set: 213

Inclination: 82.5382 deg RA of node: 108.9623 deg Eccentricity: 0.0018510

Arg of perigee: 57.6406 deg
Mean anomaly: 302.6575 deg
Mean motion: 13.16961911 rev/day
Decay rate: 4.3e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 25623 Checksum: 308

Satellite: NOAA-11 Catalog number: 19531

Epoch time: 93335.92967935

Element set: 413

Inclination: 99.1530 deg RA of node: 315.2247 deg

Eccentricity: 0.0011726

Arg of perigee: 331.7228 deg

Mean anomaly: 28.3309 deg

Mean motion: 14.12936228 rev/day

Decay rate: 8.1e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 26735 Checksum: 302

Satellite: MET-2/18 Catalog number: 19851

Epoch time: 93332.43866979

Element set: 214

Inclination: 82.5176 deg
RA of node: 303.9647 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0016035
Arg of perigee: 71.1943 deg
Mean anomaly: 289.1041 deg
Mean motion: 13.84349840 rev/day
Decay rate: 2.8e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 23991 Checksum: 329

Satellite: MET-3/3 Catalog number: 20305

Epoch time: 93334.69005237

Element set: 917

Inclination: 82.5555 deg
RA of node: 47.4111 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0016898
Arg of perigee: 62.3849 deg
Mean anomaly: 297.9388 deg
Mean motion: 13.16025158 rev/day
Decay rate: 4.3e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 19700 Checksum: 312

Satellite: MET-2/19 Catalog number: 20670

Epoch time: 93335.60399146

Element set: 715

Inclination: 82.5472 deg
RA of node: 5.4152 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0015768
Arg of perigee: 346.9929 deg
Mean anomaly: 13.0856 deg
Mean motion: 13.84183560 rev/day
Decay rate: 1.5e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 17328

Checksum: 315

Satellite: FY-1/2 Catalog number: 20788

Epoch time: 93339.47904126

Element set: 821

Inclination: 98.8533 deg
RA of node: 0.7053 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0014839
Arg of perigee: 188.6689 deg
Mean anomaly: 174.3362 deg
Mean motion: 14.01384510 rev/day
Decay rate: 6.89e-06 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 16657 Checksum: 332

Satellite: MET-2/20 Catalog number: 20826

Epoch time: 93335.37726470

Element set: 714

Inclination: 82.5244 deg
RA of node: 303.3602 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0011729
Arg of perigee: 242.0794 deg

Mean anomaly: 117.9159 deg
Mean motion: 13.83565277 rev/day
Decay rate: 5.6e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 16040 Checksum: 296

Satellite: MET-3/4 Catalog number: 21232

Epoch time: 93334.42659185

Element set: 619

Inclination: 82.5452 deg
RA of node: 310.1141 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0012716
Arg of perigee: 324.1743 deg
Mean anomaly: 35.9155 deg
Mean motion: 13.16458468 rev/day
Decay rate: 4.3e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 12520 Checksum: 275

Satellite: NOAA-12 Catalog number: 21263

Epoch time: 93335.94780045

Element set: 820

Inclination: 98.6410 deg RA of node: 2.8806 deg

Eccentricity: 0.0013991

Arg of perigee: 87.7504 deg
Mean anomaly: 272.5281 deg
Mean motion: 14.22339524 rev/day
Decay rate: 1.89e-06 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 13249 Checksum: 302

Satellite: MET-3/5 Catalog number: 21655

Epoch time: 93335.73681315

Element set: 616

Inclination: 82.5541 deg
RA of node: 256.1756 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0013519
Arg of perigee: 337.2586 deg
Mean anomaly: 22.7976 deg
Mean motion: 13.16824449 rev/day
Decay rate: 4.3e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 11047 Checksum: 313

Satellite: MET-2/21 Catalog number: 22782

Epoch time: 93330.57841316

Element set: 213

Inclination: 82.5498 deg
RA of node: 6.9986 deg
Eccentricity: 0.0023854
Arg of perigee: 74.2891 deg
Mean anomaly: 286.0902 deg
Mean motion: 13.82992608 rev/day
Decay rate: 5.2e-07 rev/day^2

Epoch rev: 1208 Checksum: 316

/EX

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Date: 3 Dec 1993 22:33:06 GMT

From: nothing.ucsd.edu!brian@network.ucsd.edu

Subject: PACKET RADIO & 800MHZ TRUNK SYS

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

In article <CHD5o3.3BM@microsoft.com> edmitch@microsoft.com (Ed Mitchell) writes:

>Trunked repeaters move to their channel assignment just as the transmitter is >keyed so you need to wait a momemt before setting the packet. That's easy to >do. AX.25 packet TNCs have a TXDELAY setting that causes a delay between >transmit key up and packet transmission. At home my TNC/Radio combination >is set to 10 ms delay. When I ran packet through a voice repeater-type of >system, I had TXD set to 40ms. For a trunked repeater, you will probably >need something a little longer.

AXD and AXH are really more appropriate than TXD for coping with a repeater. AXD is the keyup delay of the repeater; AXH is the 'hang' (delayed-drop-out) time. The TNC will insert a delay of AXD length at the beginning of a transmission if there has been more than AXH time elapsed since the last transmission or detected carrier.

In other words, the TNC takes a good guess at whether the repeater is still keyed (or on a trunked system, if the channel assignment has expired) and doesn't delay if it's not needed. That's better than using TXD, which would delay EVERY transmission, even if not needed.

- Brian

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Date: Wed, 1 Dec 1993 17:15:26 GMT

From: swrinde!cs.utexas.edu!math.ohio-state.edu!darwin.sura.net!

fconvx.ncifcrf.gov!fcs260c!mack@network.ucsd.edu
Subject: Poor Man's Spectrum Analyzer --- comments?

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

In article <1993Nov30.142036.5990@nmt.edu> bateman@nmt.edu (Monte Bateman) writes:

>I am considering buying the kit(s) for the Poor Man's Spectrum Analyzer >from Science Workshop. Has anybody had any experiences with this unit (in either building or operating)?

I built one about 7 years ago and it did wahat it was suppose to do. The guy who made hte kits was quite helpful on the phone. You don't see much below a certain limit (I forget what maybe <10MHz) because of some inbuilt limitation. Also you need to get ground and other loops our of the connection to the CRO, or else your output is noisy. I haven't used mine for about 5 years now.

I really never did much with it becasue it never got into a box and at that stage there was no easy way of telling freq (you had to get out your ovoltmeter and do some things). There are improvements to the set up - someone has made a better swawtooth generator and I believe there's a freq readout now.

Joe NA3T mack@ncifcrf.gov

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Date: 3 Dec 93 17:35:47 GMT

From: ogicse!uwm.edu!msuinfo!arctic2!cravitma@network.ucsd.edu

Subject: using a radio off frequency in emergencies

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

In article <1993Dec2.190057.2908@malins.mala.bc.ca> babiyd@mala.bc.ca (DALE BABIY)
writes:

>In article <holland-291193181932@right.dom.uab.edu>, holland@gasmac.dom.uab.edu (Steve Holland) writes:

>

- >> I was wondering what is the correct thing to do if one has a radio that
- >> can transmit outside of amateur bands and a real, life threatening
- >> emergency arises.

>

>In my case, I believe that a human life comes above all else. If it ment >forking over my HT to save one, so be it. I believe it would be the \_right\_ >thing. Now as to weather its the \_legal\_ thing, I'm not up enough on the laws >to comment.

I don't recall if I commented on this before, but the FCC regulations (Part 97) say something to the effect that if there is eminent danger to life or property, an operator is authorized to use \_any means at their disposal\_ to obtain assistance (emphasis mine). I am planning to look this up sometime, and will post a specific quote when I have one.

/Matthew (Still waiting for my ticket, 4 weeks and counting)

- -

Matthew Cravit
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| "So I sent him to ask of the
| owl, if he's there, how to
| loosen a jar from the nose
| of a bear..."

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Date: Thu, 2 Dec 1993 15:03:57 GMT

From: spool.mu.edu!howland.reston.ans.net!paladin.american.edu!

europa.eng.gtefsd.com!avdms8.msfc.nasa.gov!sol.ctr.columbia.edu!news.columbia.edu!

psinntp!psinntp!relay1!ecdcsvr!klf@decwrl.dec.com

Subject: Windows Based Ham Programs

To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

Hi All, Besides the commercial packages available, are there any Windows based ahm programs available. What I am specifically looking for are a fair to gud Windows Packet pgm and a Windows based Rig keyer pgm. I hv seen a commercial package that is a complete logging, packet, rig control

package (Logview, Packview, Rigview), but feel the performance of the Log database is terrible (at least for a 386sx!). If you hv seen anything gud or hv written one urself, plz let me know. Tnks. De KA3PLS, Ken....

KLF@ecdcsvr.tredydev.unisys.com

My opinions are my own and probably are not shared by my employer

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